

nag_summary_stats_1var (g01aac)

1. Purpose

nag_summary_stats_1var (g01aac) calculates the mean, standard deviation, coefficients of skewness and kurtosis, and the maximum and minimum values for a set of ungrouped data. Weighting may be used.

2. Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagg01.h>

void nag_summary_stats_1var(Integer n, double x[], double wt[],
    Integer nvalid[], double xmean[], double xsd[], double xskew[],
    double xkurt[], double xmin[], double xmax[], double wsum[],
    NagError *fail)
```

3. Description

The data consist of a single sample of n observations, denoted by x_i , with corresponding weights, w_i , for $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$.

If no specific weighting is required, then the array w need not be defined.

The quantities computed are as follows.

$$(a) \quad \text{The sum of the weights } W = \sum_{i=1}^n w_i.$$

$$(b) \quad \text{Mean } \bar{x} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n w_i x_i}{W}.$$

$$(c) \quad \text{Standard deviation } s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n w_i (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{d}} \quad \text{where } d = W - \left(\sum_{i=1}^n w_i^2 \right) / W.$$

$$(d) \quad \text{Coefficient of skewness } \gamma_1 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n w_i (x_i - \bar{x})^3}{s^3}.$$

$$(e) \quad \text{Coefficient of kurtosis } \gamma_2 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n w_i (x_i - \bar{x})^4}{s^4} - 3.$$

(f) Maximum and minimum elements of the sample.

(g) The number of valid observations for which $w_i > 0$, if the weighting is supplied, or n . Suppose m observations are valid, then the quantities in (c), (d) and (e) will be computed if $m \geq 2$, and will be based on $m - 1$ degrees of freedom. The other quantities are evaluated provided $m \geq 1$.

4. Parameters

n

Input: the number of observations, n .

Constraint: $\mathbf{n} \geq 1$.

x[n]

Input: the sample observations, x_i , for $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$.

wt[n]

Input: if weighted estimates are required, then **wt** must contain the weights w_i , for $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$. Otherwise, **wt** need not be defined and the corresponding argument must be set to the null pointer, ((double *)0).

nvalid

Output: the number m of valid observations – see Section 3(g) above.

xmean

Output: the mean, \bar{x} .

xsd

Output: the standard deviation, s .

xskew

Output: the coefficient of skewness, γ_1 .

xkurt

Output: the coefficient of kurtosis, γ_2 .

xmin

Output: the smallest value in the sample.

xmax

Output: the largest value in the sample.

wsum

Output: the sum of the weights in the array **wt**, that is $\sum_{i=1}^n w_i$. This will be n if weighted estimates are not used.

fail

The NAG error parameter, see the Essential Introduction to the NAG C Library.

5. Error Indications and Warnings

NE_INT_ARG_LT

On entry, n must not be less than or equal to 0: **n** = ⟨value⟩.

NE_CASES_ONE

The number of valid cases is one. In this case, standard deviation and coefficients of skewness and of kurtosis cannot be calculated.

NE_CASES_ZERO

The number of valid cases is zero.

NE_REAL_ARG_LT

On entry, **wt**[⟨value⟩] must not be less than 0.0: **wt** [⟨value⟩] = ⟨value⟩.

6. Further Comments

The time taken by the function is approximately proportional to n .

6.1. Accuracy

A single pass updating algorithm is used, which is believed to be stable.

7. See Also

[nag_median_1var \(g07dac\)](#)

8. Example

In the program below, **nprob** determines the number of data sets to be analysed. For each analysis, a set of observations and, optionally, weights is read and printed. After calling the function, the calculated quantities are printed. In the example, there is one set of data with 24 unweighted data values.

8.1. Program Text

```

/* nag_summary_stats_1var(g01aac) Example Program
 *
 * Copyright 1990 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 1, 1990.
 */

#include <nag.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagg01.h>

#define NMAX 30

main()
{
    double xsd, xskew, xkurt, wsum, xmean, xmax, xmin;
    double wt[NMAX], x[NMAX];
    Integer i, weight, j, n, nprob, nvalid;
    static NagError fail;

    /* Skip heading in data file */
    Vscanf("%*[^\\n]");
    Vprintf("g01aac Example Program Results\\n");
    Vscanf("%ld", &nprob);
    for (j=1; j<=nprob; j++)
    {
        Vscanf("%ld %ld", &n, &weight);
        Vprintf("Problem %5ld\\n", j);
        Vprintf("Number of cases %ld\\n", n);
        if (n<=0 || n>NMAX)
        {
            Vfprintf(stderr, "Error: n is out of range: n = %5ld\\n", n);
            exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
        }
        else
        {
            for (i=0; i<n; i++)
                Vscanf("%lf", &x[i]);
            Vprintf("Data as input -\\n");
            for (i=0; i<n; i++)
                Vprintf("%12.1f%c", x[i], (i%5==4 || i==n-1) ? '\\n' : ' ');
            if (weight)
            {
                Vprintf("Weights as input -\\n");
                for (i=0; i<n; i++)
                    Vscanf("%lf", &wt[i]);
                for (i=0; i<n; i++)
                    Vprintf("%12.1f%c", wt[i], (i%5==4 || i==n-1) ? '\\n' : ' ');
                g01aac(n, x, wt, &nvalid, &xmean, &xsd, &xskev, &xkurt, &xmin,
                       &xmax, &wsum, &fail);
            }
            else
                g01aac(n, x, (double *)0, &nvalid, &xmean, &xsd, &xskev, &xkurt,
                       &xmin, &xmax, &wsum, &fail);
        }
        if (fail.code==NE_NOERROR)
        {
            Vprintf("\\n");
            Vprintf("Successful call of g01aac\\n");
            Vprintf("No. of valid cases %5ld\\n", nvalid);
            Vprintf("Mean          %13.1f\\n", xmean);
            Vprintf("Std devn     %13.1f\\n", xsd);
            Vprintf("Skewness      %13.1f\\n", xskev);
            Vprintf("Kurtosis      %13.1f\\n", xkurt);
            Vprintf("Minimum       %13.1f\\n", xmin);
            Vprintf("Maximum       %13.1f\\n", xmax);
            Vprintf("Sum of weights %13.1f\\n", wsum);
        }
    }
}

```

```

        }
    else
    {
        Vprintf("Unsuccessful call of g01aac\n");
        if (fail.code==NE_CASES_ONE)
        {
            Vprintf("No. of valid cases %5ld\n", nvalid);
            Vprintf("Mean          %13.1f\n", xmean);
            Vprintf("Minimum      %13.1f\n", xmin);
            Vprintf("Maximum      %13.1f\n", xmax);
            Vprintf("Sum of weights %13.1f\n", wsum);
            Vprintf("Std devn and coeffs of skewness\n");
            Vprintf("and kurtosis not defined\n");
        }
        else
            Vprintf("%s \n", fail.message);
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }
}
exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
}

```

8.2. Program Data

```

g01aac Example Program Data
1
24 0
193.0 215.0 112.0 161.0 92.0 140.0 38.0 33.0 279.0 249.0
473.0 339.0 60.0 130.0 20.0 50.0 257.0 284.0 447.0 52.0
67.0 61.0 150.0 2200.0

```

8.3. Program Results

```

g01aac Example Program Results
Problem 1
Number of cases 24
Data as input -
    193.0      215.0      112.0      161.0      92.0
    140.0      38.0       33.0       279.0      249.0
    473.0      339.0      60.0       130.0      20.0
    50.0       257.0      284.0      447.0      52.0
    67.0       61.0       150.0     2200.0

Successful call of g01aac
No. of valid cases 24
Mean          254.3
Std devn      433.5
Skewness      3.9
Kurtosis      14.7
Minimum       20.0
Maximum       2200.0
Sum of weights 24.0

```
