# nag\_cos\_integral (s13acc)

# 1. Purpose

**nag\_cos\_integral (s13acc)** returns the value of the cosine integral Ci(x).

# 2. Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nags.h>
```

double nag\_cos\_integral(double x, NagError \*fail)

# 3. Description

The function evaluates

$$\operatorname{Ci}(x) = \gamma + \ln x + \int_0^x \frac{\cos u - 1}{u} \, du \qquad x > 0$$

where  $\gamma$  denotes Euler's constant.

The approximation is based on several Chebyshev expansions.

# 4. Parameters

x

Input: the argument x of the function. Constraint:  $\mathbf{x} > 0.0$ .

#### fail

The NAG error parameter, see the Essential Introduction to the NAG C Library.

# 5. Error Indications and Warnings

#### NE\_REAL\_ARG\_LE

On entry, **x** must not be less than or equal to 0.0:  $\mathbf{x} = \langle value \rangle$ .

The function is not defined for this value and the result returned is zero.

#### 6. Further Comments

#### 6.1. Accuracy

If E and  $\epsilon$  are the absolute and relative errors in the result and  $\delta$  is the relative error in the argument then in principle these are related by  $|E| \simeq |\delta \cos x|$  and  $|\epsilon| \simeq |(\delta \cos x)/\operatorname{Ci}(x)|$ . That is, accuracy will be limited by **machine precision** near the origin and near the zeros of  $\cos x$ , but near the zeros of  $\operatorname{Ci}(x)$  only absolute accuracy can be maintained.

For large values of x,  $\operatorname{Ci}(x) \sim (\sin x)/x$  therefore  $\sim \delta x \cot x$  and since  $\delta$  is limited by the finite precision of the machine it becomes impossible to return results which have any relative accuracy. That is, when  $x \geq 1/\delta$  we have that  $|\operatorname{Ci}(x)| \leq 1/x \sim E$  and hence is not significantly different from zero.

Hence, for  $x > x_{hi}$ , where  $x_{hi}$  is a machine-dependent value, Ci(x) in principle has values less than **machine precision**, and so is set directly to zero.

## 6.2. References

Abramowitz M and Stegun I A (1968) Handbook of Mathematical Functions Dover Publications, New York ch 5.2 p 231.

# 7. See Also

nag\_sin\_integral (s13adc)

# 8. Example

The following program reads values of the argument x from a file, evaluates the function at each value of x and prints the results.

# 8.1. Program Text

```
/* nag_cos_integral(s13acc) Example Program
 * Copyright 1990 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 2 revised, 1992.
 */
#include <nag.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nags.h>
main()
{
  double x, y;
  /* Skip heading in data file */
Vscanf("%*[^\n]");
  Vprintf("s13acc Example Program Results\n");
  Vprintf("
                               y∖n");
                x
  while (scanf("%lf", &x) != EOF)
    {
       y = s13acc(x, NAGERR_DEFAULT);
Vprintf("%12.3e%12.3e\n", x, y);
    }
  exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
}
```

8.2. Program Data

s13acc Example Program Data 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0

#### 8.3. Program Results

s13acc Example Program Results

Х	У
2.000e-01	-1.042e+00
4.000e-01	-3.788e-01
6.000e-01	-2.227e-02
8.000e-01	1.983e-01
1.000e+00	3.374e-01