1. Purpose

nag_incomplete_gamma (s14bac) computes values for the incomplete gamma functions P(a, x) and Q(a, x).

2. Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nags.h>
```

3. Description

This function evaluates the incomplete gamma functions in the normalised form

 $\begin{array}{rcl} P(a,x) & = & \frac{1}{\Gamma(a)} \int_0^x t^{a-1} e^{-t} \, dt \\ Q(a,x) & = & \frac{1}{\Gamma(a)} \int_x^\infty t^{a-1} e^{-t} \, dt \, , \end{array}$

with $x \ge 0$ and a > 0, to a user-specified accuracy. With this normalisation, P(a, x) + Q(a, x) = 1.

Several methods are used to evaluate the functions depending on the arguments a and x, the methods including Taylor expansion for P(a, x), Legendre's continued fraction for Q(a, x), and power series for Q(a, x). When both a and x are large, and $a \simeq x$, the uniform asymptotic expansion of Temme (1987) is employed for greater efficiency – specifically, this expansion is used when $a \ge 20$ and $0.7a \le x \le 1.4a$.

Once either of P or Q is computed, the other is obtained by subtraction from 1. In order to avoid loss of relative precision in this subtraction, the smaller of P and Q is computed first.

This function is derived from subroutine GAM in Gautschi (1979b).

4. Parameters

a

Input: the argument a of the functions. Constraint: $\mathbf{a} > 0.0$.

x

Input: the argument x of the functions. Constraint: $\mathbf{x} \ge 0.0$.

tol

Input: the relative accuracy required by the user in the results. If nag_incomplete_gamma is entered with **tol** greater than 1.0 or less than **machine precision**, then the value of **machine precision** is used instead.

p q

Output: the values of the functions P(a, x) and Q(a, x) respectively.

fail

The NAG error parameter, see the Essential Introduction to the NAG C Library.

5. Error Indications and Warnings

On error nag_incomplete_gamma returns with a value of 0.0 for ${\bf p}$ and ${\bf q}.$

NE_REAL_ARG_LE

On entry, **a** must not be less than or equal to 0.0: $\mathbf{a} = \langle value \rangle$.

NE_REAL_ARG_LT

On entry, **x** must not be less than 0.0: $\mathbf{x} = \langle value \rangle$.

NE_ALG_NOT_CONV

The algorithm has failed to converge in $\langle value \rangle$ iterations. Convergence of the Taylor series or Legendre continued fraction has failed within the specified number of iterations. This error is extremely unlikely to occur; if it does, contact NAG.

6. Further Comments

The time taken for a call of nag_incomplete_gamma depends on the precision requested through tol, and also varies slightly with the input arguments a and x.

6.1. Accuracy

There are rare occasions when the relative accuracy attained is somewhat less than that specified by parameter **tol**. However, the error should never exceed more than one or two decimal places. Note also that there is a limit of 18 decimal places on the achievable accuracy, because constants in the function are given to this precision.

6.2. References

Gautschi W (1979a) A Computational Procedure for Incomplete Gamma Functions ACM Trans. Math. Software 5 466–481.

Gautschi W (1979b) Algorithm 542: Incomplete Gamma Functions ACM Trans. Math. Software 5 482–489.

Temme N M (1987) On the computation of the incomplete gamma functions for large values of the parameters *Algorithms for Approximation* J C Mason and M G Cox (ed) Oxford University Press.

7. See Also

None.

8. Example

The following program reads values of the argument a and x from a file, evaluates the function and prints the results.

8.1. Program Text

```
/* nag_incomplete_gamma(s14bac) Example Program
*
* Copyright 1990 Numerical Algorithms Group.
*
* Mark 2 revised, 1992.
*/
#include <nag.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nags.h>
#include <nagx02.h>
main()
{
    double a, p, q, tol, x;
    /* Skip heading in data file */
    Vscanf("%*[^\n]");
```

```
Vprintf("s14bac Example Program Results\n");
tol = X02AJC;
Vprintf(" a x p q\n");
while (scanf("%lf %lf", &a, &x) != EOF)
{
    s14bac(a, x, tol, &p, &q, NAGERR_DEFAULT);
    Vprintf("%12.4f%12.4f%12.4f%12.4f\n", a, x, p, q);
    }
exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
```

8.2. Program Data

}

s14bac Example Program Data 2.0 3.0 7.0 1.0 0.5 99.0 20.0 21.0 21.0 20.0

8.3. Program Results

s14bac Example Program Results

a	x	р	q
2.0000	3.0000	0.8009	0.1991
7.0000	1.0000	0.0001	0.9999
0.5000	99.0000	1.0000	0.0000
20.0000	21.0000	0.6157	0.3843
21.0000	20.0000	0.4409	0.5591