### C06LCF – NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

**Note.** Before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of bold italicised terms and other implementation-dependent details.

### 1 Purpose

C06LCF evaluates an inverse Laplace transform at a given point, using the expansion coefficients computed by C06LBF.

## 2 Specification

SUBROUTINE CO6LCF(T, SIGMA, B, M, ACOEF, ERRVEC, FINV, IFAIL)INTEGERM, IFAILrealT, SIGMA, B, ACOEF(M), ERRVEC(8), FINV

## 3 Description

This routine is designed to be used following a call to C06LBF, which computes an inverse Laplace transform by representing it as a Laguerre expansion of the form:

$$\tilde{f}(t)=e^{\sigma t}\sum_{i=0}^{m-1}a_i\,e^{-bt/2}L_i(bt),\quad \sigma>\sigma_O,\quad b>0$$

where  $L_i(x)$  is the Laguerre polynomial of degree *i*.

This routine simply evaluates the above expansion for a specified value of t.

C06LCF is derived from the subroutine MODUL2 in [1].

## 4 References

[1] Garbow B S, Giunta G, Lyness J N and Murli A (1988) Algorithm 662: A Fortran software package for the numerical inversion of the Laplace transform based on Weeks' method ACM Trans. Math. Software 14 171–176

### **5** Parameters

1:	$\mathrm{T}-real$	Input
	On entry: the value t for which the inverse Laplace transform $f(t)$ must be evaluated.	
2:	$\operatorname{SIGMA}-real$	Input
3:	$\mathrm{B}-real$	Input
4:	M - INTEGER	Input
5:	ACOEF(M) - real array	Input
6:	$\text{ERRVEC}(8) - real \operatorname{array}$	Input
	On entry: SIGMA, B, M, ACOEF and ERRVEC must be unchanged from the previous C06LBF.	s call of

7:	$\mathrm{FINV}-real$	Outpu

 $On \ exit:$  the approximation to the inverse Laplace transform at t.

#### 8: IFAIL — INTEGER

 $\mathit{Input/Output}$ 

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. Users who are unfamiliar with this parameter should refer to Chapter P01 for details.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error or gives a warning (see Section 6).

For this routine, because the values of output parameters may be useful even if IFAIL  $\neq 0$  on exit, users are recommended to set IFAIL to -1 before entry. It is then essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.

# 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings specified by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

The approximation to f(t) is too large to be representable: FINV is set to 0.0.

IFAIL = 2

The approximation to f(t) is too small to be representable: FINV is set to 0.0.

# 7 Accuracy

The error estimate returned by C06LBF in ERRVEC(1) has been found in practice to be a highly reliable bound on the pseudo-error  $|f(t) - \tilde{f}(t)|e^{-\sigma t}$ .

## 8 Further Comments

The routine is primarily designed to evaluate  $\tilde{f}(t)$  when t > 0. When  $t \leq 0$ , the result approximates the analytic continuation of f(t); the approximation becomes progressively poorer as t becomes more negative.

# 9 Example

See example for C06LBF.