F07GUF (CPPCON/ZPPCON) - NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

Note. Before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of bold italicised terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

F07GUF (CPPCON/ZPPCON) estimates the condition number of a complex Hermitian positive-definite matrix A, where A has been factorized by F07GRF (CPPTRF/ZPPTRF), using packed storage.

2 Specification

SUBROUTINE FO7GUF(UPLO, N, AP, ANORM, RCOND, WORK, RWORK, INFO) ENTRY cppcon(UPLO, N, AP, ANORM, RCOND, WORK, RWORK, INFO) INTEGER N, INFO ANORM, RCOND, RWORK(*)

complex AP(*), WORK(*)

CHARACTER*1 UPLO

The ENTRY statement enables the routine to be called by its LAPACK name.

3 Description

This routine estimates the condition number (in the 1-norm) of a complex Hermitian positive-definite matrix A:

$$\kappa_1(A) = ||A||_1 ||A^{-1}||_1.$$

Since A is Hermitian, $\kappa_1(A) = \kappa_{\infty}(A) = ||A||_{\infty} ||A^{-1}||_{\infty}$.

Because $\kappa_1(A)$ is infinite if A is singular, the routine actually returns an estimate of the **reciprocal** of $\kappa_1(A)$.

The routine should be preceded by a call to F06UDF to compute $||A||_1$ and a call to F07GRF (CPPTRF/ZPPTRF) to compute the Cholesky factorization of A. The routine then uses Higham's implementation of Hager's method [1] to estimate $||A^{-1}||_1$.

4 References

[1] Higham N J (1988) FORTRAN codes for estimating the one-norm of a real or complex matrix, with applications to condition estimation ACM Trans. Math. Software 14 381–396

5 Parameters

1: UPLO — CHARACTER*1

Input

On entry: indicates whether A has been factorized as U^HU or LL^H as follows:

if UPLO = 'U', then $A = U^H U$, where U is upper triangular; if UPLO = 'L', then $A = LL^H$, where L is lower triangular.

Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

2: N — INTEGER

Input

On entry: n, the order of the matrix A.

Constraint: $N \geq 0$.

3: AP(*) — complex array

Input

Note: the dimension of the array AP must be at least max(1,N*(N+1)/2).

On entry: the Cholesky factor of A stored in packed form, as returned by F07GRF (CPPTRF/ZPPTRF).

4: ANORM — real

On entry: the 1-norm of the **original** matrix A, which may be computed by calling F06UDF. ANORM must be computed either **before** calling F07GRF (CPPTRF/ZPPTRF) or else from a copy of the original matrix A.

Constraint: ANORM ≥ 0.0 .

5: RCOND — real

On exit: an estimate of the reciprocal of the condition number of A. RCOND is set to zero if exact singularity is detected or the estimate underflows. If RCOND is less than **machine precision**, then A is singular to working precision.

6: WORK(*) - complex array

Workspace

Note: the dimension of the array WORK must be at least max(1,2*N).

7: RWORK(*) — real array

Workspace

Note: the dimension of the array RWORK must be at least max(1,N).

8: INFO — INTEGER

Output

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

INFO < 0

If INFO = -i, the *i*th parameter had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

7 Accuracy

The computed estimate RCOND is never less than the true value ρ , and in practice is nearly always less than 10ρ , although examples can be constructed where RCOND is much larger.

8 Further Comments

A call to this routine involves solving a number of systems of linear equations of the form Ax = b; the number is usually 5 and never more than 11. Each solution involves approximately $8n^2$ real floating-point operations but takes considerably longer than a call to F07GSF (CPPTRS/ZPPTRS) with 1 right-hand side, because extra care is taken to avoid overflow when A is approximately singular.

The real analogue of this routine is F07GGF (SPPCON/DPPCON).

9 Example

To estimate the condition number in the 1-norm (or infinity-norm) of the matrix A, where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 3.23 + 0.00i & 1.51 - 1.92i & 1.90 + 0.84i & 0.42 + 2.50i \\ 1.51 + 1.92i & 3.58 + 0.00i & -0.23 + 1.11i & -1.18 + 1.37i \\ 1.90 - 0.84i & -0.23 - 1.11i & 4.09 + 0.00i & 2.33 - 0.14i \\ 0.42 - 2.50i & -1.18 - 1.37i & 2.33 + 0.14i & 4.29 + 0.00i \end{pmatrix}$$

Here A is Hermitian positive-definite, stored in packed form, and must first be factorized by F07GRF (CPPTRF/ZPPTRF). The true condition number in the 1-norm is 201.92.

9.1 Program Text

Note. The listing of the example program presented below uses bold italicised terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
FO7GUF Example Program Text
Mark 15 Release. NAG Copyright 1991.
.. Parameters ..
INTEGER
                  NIN, NOUT
PARAMETER
                  (NIN=5,NOUT=6)
INTEGER
                  NMAX
PARAMETER
                  (NMAX=8)
.. Local Scalars ..
real
                ANORM, RCOND
INTEGER
                 I, INFO, J, N
CHARACTER
                  UPLO
.. Local Arrays ..
complex
                  AP(NMAX*(NMAX+1)/2), WORK(2*NMAX)
                  RWORK (NMAX)
real
.. External Functions ..
real
                  F06UDF, X02AJF
EXTERNAL
                  FOGUDF, XO2AJF
.. External Subroutines ..
EXTERNAL
                 cppcon, cpptrf
.. Executable Statements ..
WRITE (NOUT,*) 'F07GUF Example Program Results'
Skip heading in data file
READ (NIN,*)
READ (NIN,*) N
IF (N.LE.NMAX) THEN
   Read A from data file
   READ (NIN,*) UPLO
   IF (UPLO.EQ.'U') THEN
      READ (NIN,*) ((AP(I+J*(J-1)/2),J=I,N),I=1,N)
   ELSE IF (UPLO.EQ.'L') THEN
      READ (NIN,*) ((AP(I+(2*N-J)*(J-1)/2),J=1,I),I=1,N)
   END IF
   Compute norm of A
   ANORM = F06UDF('1-norm', UPLO, N, AP, RWORK)
   Factorize A
   CALL cpptrf(UPLO,N,AP,INFO)
   WRITE (NOUT, *)
   IF (INFO.EQ.O) THEN
      Estimate condition number
      \texttt{CALL} \ \ cppcon(\texttt{UPLO}, \texttt{N}, \texttt{AP}, \texttt{ANORM}, \texttt{RCOND}, \texttt{WORK}, \texttt{RWORK}, \texttt{INFO})
      IF (RCOND.GE.XO2AJF()) THEN
          WRITE (NOUT, 99999) 'Estimate of condition number =',
            1.0e0/RCOND
      ELSE
```

9.2 Program Data

```
F07GUF Example Program Data

4 :Value of N
'L' :Value of UPLO

(3.23, 0.00)

(1.51, 1.92) (3.58, 0.00)

(1.90,-0.84) (-0.23,-1.11) (4.09, 0.00)

(0.42,-2.50) (-1.18,-1.37) (2.33, 0.14) (4.29, 0.00) :End of matrix A
```

9.3 Program Results

```
F07GUF Example Program Results

Estimate of condition number = 1.51E+02
```