S15ADF – NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

Note. Before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of bold italicised terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

S15ADF returns the value of the complementary error function, $\operatorname{erfc} x$, via the routine name.

2 Specification

real	FUNCTION	S15ADF(X,	IFAIL)
INTEGER		IFAIL	
real		Х	

3 Description

The routine calculates an approximate value for the complement of the error function

$$\operatorname{erfc} x = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_x^\infty e^{-u^2} du = 1 - \operatorname{erf} x.$$

For $x \ge 0$, it is based on the Chebyshev expansion

$$\operatorname{erfc} x = e^{-x^2} y(x),$$

where $y(x) = \sum_{r=0}^{t} a_r T_r(t)$ and $t = (x - 3.75)/(x + 3.75), -1 \le t \le +1$.

For $x \ge x_{hi}$, where there is a danger of setting underflow, the result is returned as zero.

For x < 0, erfc $x = 2 - e^{-x^2} y(|x|)$.

For $x < x_{low} < 0$, the result is returned as 2.0 which is correct to within *machine precision*. The values of x_{hi} and x_{low} are given in the Users' Note for your implementation.

4 References

 Abramowitz M and Stegun I A (1972) Handbook of Mathematical Functions Dover Publications (3rd Edition)

5 Parameters

1: X - real

On entry: the argument x of the function.

2: IFAIL — INTEGER

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. For users not familiar with this parameter (described in Chapter P01) the recommended value is 0.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors detected by the routine:

There are no failure exits from this routine. The parameter IFAIL has been included for consistency with other routines in this chapter.

[NP3390/19/pdf]

Input

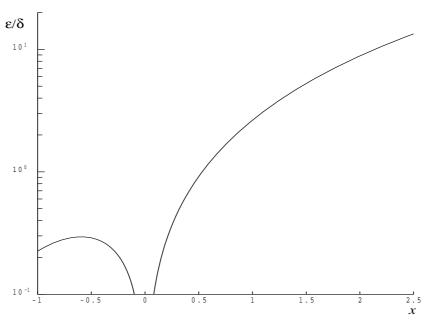
Input/Output

7 Accuracy

If δ and ϵ are relative errors in the argument and result, respectively, then in principle

$$|\epsilon| \simeq \left| \frac{2xe^{-x^2}}{\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erfc} x} \delta \right|.$$

That is, the relative error in the argument, x, is amplified by a factor $\frac{2xe^{-x^2}}{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erfc} x}$ in the result. The behaviour of this factor is shown in Figure 1.





It should be noted that near x = 0 this factor behaves as $\frac{2x}{\sqrt{\pi}}$ and hence the accuracy is largely determined by the *machine precision*. Also for large negative x, where the factor is $\sim \frac{xe^{-x^2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}$, accuracy is mainly limited by *machine precision*. However, for large positive x, the factor becomes $\sim 2x^2$ and to an extent relative accuracy is necessarily lost. The absolute accuracy E is given by

$$E \simeq \frac{2xe^{-x^2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\delta$$

so absolute accuracy is guaranteed for all x.

8 Further Comments

None.

9 Example

The example program reads values of the argument x from a file, evaluates the function at each value of x and prints the results.

9.1 Program Text

Note. The listing of the example program presented below uses bold italicised terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
*
     S15ADF Example Program Text
     Mark 14 Revised. NAG Copyright 1989.
*
      .. Parameters ..
*
      INTEGER
                       NIN, NOUT
     PARAMETER
                      (NIN=5,NOUT=6)
      .. Local Scalars ..
                       Х, Ү
     real
      INTEGER
                       IFAIL
      .. External Functions ..
                       S15ADF
     real
     EXTERNAL
                       S15ADF
      .. Executable Statements ..
     WRITE (NOUT,*) 'S15ADF Example Program Results'
     Skip heading in data file
     READ (NIN,*)
     WRITE (NOUT,*)
     WRITE (NOUT,*) '
                           Х
                                       Y
                                                IFAIL'
     WRITE (NOUT,*)
   20 READ (NIN,*,END=40) X
     IFAIL = 1
     Y = S15ADF(X, IFAIL)
     WRITE (NOUT, 99999) X, Y, IFAIL
     GO TO 20
   40 STOP
99999 FORMAT (1X,1P,2e12.3,17)
     END
```

9.2 Program Data

S15ADF Example Program Data -10.0 -1.0 0.0 1.0 10.0

9.3 Program Results

S15ADF Example Program Results

Х	Y	IFAIL
-1.000E+01	2.000E+00	0
-1.000E+00	1.843E+00	0
0.000E+00	1.000E+00	0
1.000E+00	1.573E-01	0
1.000E+01	2.088E-45	0